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Śrī Manaḥ-śikṣā "Instructions to the Mind"

by Śrīla Raghunātha dāsa Gosvāmī

Translated by Kuśakratha dāsa

TEXT 1

gurau goṣṭhe goṣṭhālayiṣu sujane bhūsura-gaṇe sva-mantre śrī-nāmni vraja-nava-yuva-dvandva-śaraṇe sadā dambham hitvā kuru ratim apūrvām atitarām aye svāntardhātaś catubhir abhiyāce dhrta-padah

gurau—for the spiritual master; goṣṭhe—for the holy land of Vṛndāvana; goṣṭha—of Vṛndāvana; ālayiṣu—for the residents; sujane—for the Vaiṣṇavas; bhūsura—of brāhmaṇas; gaṇe—for the community; sva-mantre—for the Gāyatrī mantra; śrī-nāmni—for the Hare Kṛṣṇa mahā-mantra; vraja—of Vṛajabhūmi; nava-yuva—youthful; dvandva—for the couple (Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Kṛṣṇa); śaraṇe—for the shelter; sadā—always; dambham—hypocrisy; hitvā—having rejected; kuru—please take; ratim—delight; apūrvām—extraordinary; atitarām—intense; aye—O; svāntardhātaḥ—O mind; caṭubhiḥ—with sweet words; abhiyāce—I beg; dhṛta—taking hold; padaḥ—of your feet.

O mind, I grasp your feet and beg you with sweet words: Please cast away all hypocrisy and develop intense, unprecedented love for my spiritual master, Vrajabhūmi, the people of Vraja, the Vaiṣṇavas, the *brāhmaṇas*, the Gāyatrī *mantra*, the holy name, and the transcendental shelter that is the fresh young couple of Vraja, Rādhā and Kṛṣṇa.

TEXT 2

na dharman nādharman śruti-gaṇa-niruktan kila kuru vraje rādhā-kṛṣṇa-pracura-paricaryām iha tanuh śacī-sūnum nandīśvara-pati-sutatve guru-varam mukunda-preṣṭhatve smara padam ajasram nanu manah

na—not; dharmam—pious activities; na—not; adharmam—impious activities; śruti—of Vedas; gaṇa—of the multitude; niruktam—described; kila—certainly; kuru—perform; vraje—in Vrajabhūmi; rādhā-kṛṣṇa—of Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa; pracura—much; paricaryām—service; iha—here; tanu—please render; śacī-sūnum—Lord Caitanya Mahāprabhu, the transcendental son of Śrīmatī Śacī-devī; nandīśvara—of Nanda-grāma; pati—of the king; sutatve—in the state of being the son; guru—spiritual master; varam—excellent; mukunda—of Lord Mukunda; preṣṭhatve—in the state of being the most dear; smara—please remember; param—greatly; ajasram—constantly; nanu—certainly; manaḥ—O mind.

O Mind, don't concern yourself with the pious and impious deeds described in the *Vedas*. Rather, intently serve Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa in Vraja. Always remember that Lord Caitanya is the son of Mahārāja Nanda and that my guru is most dear to Lord Mukunda.

TEXT 3

yadīccher āvāsam vraja-bhuvi sa-rāgam prati-janur yuva-dvandvam tac cet paricaritum ārād abhilaṣe svarūpam śrī-rūpam sa-gaṇam iha tasyāgrajam api sphuṭam premnā nityam smara nama tadā tvam śrnu manah

yadī—if; iccheḥ—of desire; āvāsam—abode; vraja-bhuvi—in Vrajabhūmi; sa—with; rāgam—love; pratijanuḥ—birth after birth; yuva-dvandvam—Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa, the divine youthful couple; tat—that; cet—if; paricaritum—to serve; ārāt—directly; abhilaṣe—you desire; svarūpam—Svarūpa Dāmodara Gosvāmī; śrī-rūpam—Śrīla Rūpa Gosvāmī; sa—along with; ganam—his associates and followers; iha—here; tasyā—of him; agrajam—the elder brother (Śrīla Sanātana Gosvāmī);

api—and; sphuṭam—clearly; premṇā—with love; nityam—constantly; smara—remember; nama—please offer respectful obeisances; tadā—therefore; tvam—you; śrnu—please hear; manah—O mind.

. O Mind, just listen to me! If you desire to reside in Vraja birth after birth, and if you desire to directly serve the divine youthful couple there with great attraction, then with intense love always remember and bow down to Śrīla Svarūpa Dāmodara Gosvāmī; to Śrīla Rūpa Gosvāmī and his elder brother, Śrīla Sanātana Gosvāmī; and to all their associates and followers.

TEXT 4

asad-vārtā-veṣyā visṛja mati-sarvasva-haraṇīḥ kathā mukti-vyāghryā na śṛṇu kila sarvātma-gilaṇīḥ api tyaktvā lakṣmī-pati-ratim ito vyoma-nayanīm vraje rādhā-kṛṣṇau sva-rati-maṇi-dau tvam bhaja manaḥ

asat—of the impious nondevotees; vārtā—associating; veṣyāh—prostitutes; visṛja—avoid; mati-sarvasva—the treasure of the heart (the desire to serve Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa); haraṇīh—stealing; kathā—talk; mukti—of impersonal liberation; vyāghṛyāh—of the tigress; na—don't; śṛṇu—hear; kila—indeed; sarva—all; ātma—living entities; gilanīh—devouring; api—even; tyaktvā—having abandoned; lakṣmī—of Lakṣmī-devī; pati—for the husband (Lord Nārāyaṇa); ratim—attraction; itaḥ—therefore; vyoma—the spiritual realm of Vaikuṇṭha; nayanīm—leading; vraje—in Vrajabhūmi; rādhā-kṛṣṇau—Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa; sva—own; rati—pure love; maṇi—the precious gem; dau—granting; tvam—you; bhaja—please worship; manah—O mind.

O mind, give up friendship with nondevotees, which is nothing but a prostitute who will steal the treasure of your heart—your desire to serve Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa. Don't listen to talks of impersonal liberation, which are a tigress who devours everyone. You should even give up attraction for Lord Nārāyaṇa, which leads to the world of Vaikuṇṭha. Instead, O mind, just worship Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa in Vraja, for They bestow upon Their worshipers the jewel of pure love for Themselves.

TEXT 5

asac-ceṣṭā-kaṣṭa-prada-vikaṭa-pāśālibhir iha prakāmam kāmādi-prakaṭa-pathapāti-vyatikaraiḥ gale baddhvā hanye 'ham iti bakabhid vartmapa-gaṇe kuru tvam phutkārān avati sa yathā tvam mana itaḥ

asat—wicked; ceṣṭa—activities; kaṣṭa-prada—giving pain; vikaṭa—horrible; pāṣā—of ropes; ālibhiḥ—with many; iha—here; prakāmam; at will; kāma—by lust; ādi—beginning with; prakaṭa—manifest; pathapāti; highwaymen; vyatikaraiḥ—by the contact; gale—around the neck; baddhvā—having been bound; hanye—about to die; aham—I am; iti—thus; baka-bhit—of Kṛṣṇa, the killer of the Baka demon; vartmapao—of the devotees; gaṇe—the company; kuru—please do; tvam—you; phut-kārān—scream; avati—will protect; saḥ—He; yathā—so that; tvam—you; manaḥ—O mind; itaḥ—thus.

The highwaymen of lust and his friends have bound me around the neck with the painful, horrible, powerful ropes of many wicked deeds. O mind, please scream out to the devotees of Kṛṣṇa, the killer of Baka, "I am being killed!" Then He will save me.

TEXT 6

are cetah prodyat-kapaṭa-kuṭi-nāṭī-bhara-kharakṣaran-mūtre snātvā dahasi katham ātmānam api mām sadā tvam gāndharvā-giridhari-pada-prema-vilasatsudhāmbhodhau snātvā svam api nitarām mām ca sukhaya

are—O fool; cetaḥ—O mind; prodyat—arisen; kapaṭa—of deviousness; kuṭi-nātī—of hypocrisy; bhara—of the abundance; khara—from the ass; kṣarat—trickling; mūtre—in the urine; snātvā— bathing; dahasi—you burn; katham—why?; ātmānam—yourself; api—and; mām—me; sadā—always; tvam—you; gāndharvā-giridhari—Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa; pada—of the lotus feet; prema—pure love; vilasat—glistening; sudhā—of nectar; ambhodhau—in the ocean; snātvā—bathing; svam—you; api—and; nitarām—always; mām—me; ca—and; sukhaya—delight.

O Mind, why do you burn us both by bathing in the urine trickling from the ass of great deviousness and

hypocrisy? Instead, you should delight us by eternally bathing in the glistening nectar-ocean of pure love for Śrī Śrī Gāndharvā-Giridhārī (Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa).

TEXT 7

pratisthāšā dhṛṣṭā śvapaca-ramaṇī me hṛdi naṭet katham sādhu-premā spṛṣati śucir etan nanu manaḥ sadā tvam sevasva prabhu-dayita-sāmantam atulam yathā tām niskāsya tvaritam iha tam veṣayati sah

pratiṣṭha—for fame; āśā—the hope; dhṛṣṭā—impudent; śva-paca—of a dog-eating outcaste; ramaṇī—the wife; me—my; hṛdi—in the heart; natet—dances; katham—why?; sādhu—of the devotees; prema—love of Kṛṣṇa; spṛśati—can touch; śuciḥ—pure; etat—this; nanu—certainly; manaḥ—O mind; sadā—continuously; tvam—you; sevasva—should serve; prabhu-dayita-sāmantam—the leader of those who are dear to the Lord; atulam—without equal; yathā—so that; tām—that outcaste woman; niṣkāṣya—having cast out; tvaritam—quickly; iha—here; tam—that pure love; veṣayati—causes to enter; saḥ—he.

as long as the impudent untouchable woman of the desire for fame dances in my heart, why should pure love for Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa touch me? O mind, continuously serve my spiritual master, the leader of those who are dear to the Lord. Then my master will quickly kick out that harridan and allow that pure love to enter.

TEXT 8

yathā duṣṭatvam me darayati śaṭhasyāpi kṛpayā yathā mahyam premāmṛtam api dadāty ujjvalam asau yathā śrī-gāndharvā-bhajana-vidhaye prerayati mām tathā goṣṭhe kākvā giridharam iha tvam bhaja manaḥ

yathā—in order that; duṣṭatvam—wickedness; me—my; darayati—will break into pieces; śaṭhasya—a cheater; api—although; kṛpayā—mercifully; yathā—in order that; mahyam—to me; prema—of pure love of Kṛṣṇa; amṛtam—the nectar; api—also; dadāti—will give; ujjvalam—splendid; asau—this; yathā—in order that; śrī-gāndharvā—of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī; bhajana-vidhaye—in the service; prerayati—engage; mām—me; tathā—for this reason; goṣṭhe—in Vṛndāvana; kākvā—with a voice choked with emotion; giridharam—Lord Kṛṣṇa, the lifter of Govardhana Hill; iha—here; tvam—you; bhaja—please serve; manah—O mind.

So That He will mercifully smash my wickedness (even though I am a great rascal), so that He will give me the splendid nectar of transcendental love, and so He will engage me in Śrī Rādhā's service, please, O mind, with words choked with emotion, worship Lord Giridhārī here in Vraja.

TEXT 9

mad-īśā-nāthatve vraja-vipina-candram vraja-vaneśvarīm tan-nāthatve tad-atula-sakhītve tu lalitām višākhām śikṣālī-vitaraṇa-gurutve priya-sarogirindrau tat-prekṣā-lalita-rati-datve smara manaḥ

mat—my; īśā—controller (Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī); nāthatve—as the Lord; vraja—of Vrajabhūmi; vipina—of the forests; candram—the moon (Śrī Kṛṣṇa); vraja—of Vrajabhūmi; vana—of the forest; īśvarīm—the empress (Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī); tat—of Him; nāthatve—as being the controller; tat—Her; atula—incomparable; sakhītve—in the friendship; tu—and; lalitām—Lalitā; viśākhām—Viśākhā; śikṣā—of instruction; ālī; the multitude; vitaraṇa—granting; gurutve—as the teacher; priya-saraḥ—the dearmost Rādhā-kunda; giri—of mountains; indrau—and the monarch (Govardhana Hill); tat—of them; prekṣā—by seeing; lalita—charming; rati—pure love of the divine couple; datve—in the state of giving; smara—please remember; manaḥ—O mind.

O mind, please meditate on Kṛṣṇa, the moon of Vraja forest, as the Lord of my controller, Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī. And please meditate upon Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, the queen of Vraja forest, as Kṛṣṇa's controller. Also please meditate upon Lalitā as the peerless friend of Rādhā and Kṛṣṇa, Viśākhā as the guru who teaches Them many things, and Rādhā-kunda and Govardhana Hill as two places the mere sight of which bestows charming transcendental love for the divine couple.

ratim gaurī-līle api tapati saundarya-kiraṇaiḥ śacī-lakṣmī-satyāḥ paribhavati saubhāgya-balanaiḥ vaśī-kāraiś candrāvalī-mukha-navīna-vraja-satīḥ kṣipaty ārād yā tām hari-dayita-rādhām bhaja manaḥ

ratim—Rati, cupid's wife; gaurī—Gaurī, Lord Śiva's wife; līle—and līla-śakti, the Lord's potency for performing pastimes; api—and; tapati—causes to burn (with envy); saundarya—of beauty; kiranaih—with the effulgence; śacī—Śacī, Indra's wife; lakṣmī—Lakṣmī-devī, the goddess of fortune; satyāḥ—and Satyabhāmā; paribhavati—defeats; saubhāgya—of good fortune; balanaih—with the strength; vaśī-kāraih—with her ability to make Kṛṣṇa submissive to her wishes; candrāvalī—Candrāvalī; mukha—headed by; navīna—youthful; vraja—of Vrajabhūmi; satīḥ—pious girls; kṣipati—throws; ārāt—far away; yā—who; tām—her; hari—of Lord Hari; dayita—the most dear; rādhām—Śrīmatī Rādhārānī; bhaja—please worship; manah—O mind.

O mind, please worship Lord Hari's beloved Rādhā. with the splendor of Her beauty She makes Rati, Gaurī, and Līlā burn with envy, with the power of Her good fortune She defeats Śacī, Lakṣmī, and Satyabhāmā, and with Her ability to control Kṛṣṇa She completely eclipses Candrāvalī and the other pious young girls of Vraja.

TEXT 11

samam śrī-rūpeṇa smara-vivaśa-rādhā-giribhṛtor vraje sākṣāt-sevā-labhana-vidhaye tad-gaṇa-yujoḥ tad-ijyākhyā-dhyāna-śravaṇa-nati-pañcāmṛtam idam dhayan nityā govardhanam anudinam tvam bhaja manah

samam—accompanied by; śrī rūpena—Śrīla Rūpa Gosvāmī; smara—with the mellow taste of mādhurya-rasa; vivaśa—intoxicated; rādhā—Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī; giribhṛtoḥ—and Lord Kṛṣṇa, the lifter of Govardhana Hill; vraje—in Vraja; sākṣāt—direct; sevā—service; labhana-vidhaye—for attaining; tat—their; gaṇa—associates; yujoḥ—accompanied by; tat-ijyā—worshiping Them; ākhyā—chanting Their holy names; dhyāna—meditating on Them; śravana—hearing their glories; nati—offering Them obeisances; pañca—five; amṛtam—nectars; idam—this; dhayan—drinking; nityā—always; govardhanam—Govardhana Hill; anudinam—day after day; tvam—you; bhaja—please worship; manaḥ—O mind.

O mind, in order to attain the direct service of the two divine lovers, Śrī Śri Rādhā-Giridhārī, in the company of Their friends, every day you must constantly drink, with Śrī Rūpa Gosvāmī, the five nectars of worshiping Them, chanting Their names, meditating on Them, hearing about Them, and bowing down before Them, and every day you must worship Govardhana Hill.

TEXT 12

manaḥ-śikṣā-daikādaśaka-varam etam madhurayā girā gāyaty uccaiḥ samadhi-gata-sarvārtha-tati yaḥ sa-yūthaḥ śrī-rūpānuga iha bhavan gokula-vane jano rādhā-kṛṣṇātula-bhajana-ratnam sa labhate

manaḥ—to the mind; śikṣā—instructions; da—giving; ekādaśaka—eleven verses; varam—excellent; etam—these; madhurayā—sweet; girā—with a voice; gāyati—sings; uccaiḥ—loudly; samadhigata—for those who read them; sarva—all; artha—spiritual desires; tati—extension; yah—who; sa-yūthaḥ—in the company of the devotees; śrī-rūpa—of Śrīla Rūpa Gosvāmī; anugaḥ—following in the footsteps; iha—here; bhavan—being so; gokula—of Gokula; vane—in the forest; janaḥ—a person; rādhā-kṛṣṇa—for Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa; atula—unparalleled; bhajana—devotional service; ratnam—the jewel; saḥ—he; labhate—attains.

These eleven excellent instructions to the mind grant all spiritual benedictions. A person who stays with the devotees, follows Śrīla Rūpa Gosvāmī, and with a sweet voice loudly sings these eleven verses will attain the matchless jewel of direct service to Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Kṛṣṇa in the forest of Gokula.