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śrī-śrī-nityānandāṣṭottara-śata-nāma-stotram

One Hundred and Eight Names of Śrī Nityānanda Prabhu composed by Śrī Sārvabhauma Bhaṭṭācārya

nityānandam aham vande karņe lambita-mauktikam caitanyāgraja-rūpena pavitrī-krta-bhūtalam (1)

I offer my praise unto Śrī Nityānanda from whose ear a pearl ornament hangs. Śrī Nityānanda accepted the form of the elder brother of Lord Caitanya and thus He purified the earth planet.

praṇamya śri-jagannātham / nityānanda-mahāprabhum nāmnām aṣṭottara-śatam / pravakṣyāmi mudākaram (2)

After offering prostrated obeisances before Śrī Nityānanda Mahāprabhu, the lord of the universe, I shall proclaim His one hundred and eight names which arouse ecstacy in the heart.

nīlāmbara-dharaḥ śrīmāl-lāngulī muṣala-priyaḥ sankarsanaś candra-varno yadūnām kula-mangalah (3)

- 1 nīlāmbara-dharaḥ=Śrī Nityānanda wears blue garments.
- 2 śrīmāt-lāngulī=the splendid wielder of the plough
- 3 musala-priyah=delights in fighting with His club.
- 4 sankarṣaṇaḥ=Śrī Nityānanda causes integration and disintegration of the cosmic manifestation, (gravity).
- 5 *candra-varnah*= His complexion is like the moon
- 6 yadūnām kula-mangalah=harbinger of auspiciousness for the Yadu dynasty.

gopikā-ramaņo rāmo vṛndāvana-kalā-nidhiḥ kādambarī sudhā-matto gopa-gopī-gaṇāvṛtaḥ (4)

7 gopikā-ramanah=delights in the company of the gopīs.

- 8 rāmah=the supreme enjoyer.
- 9 vrndāvana-kalā-nidhih=the moon of Vrndāvana.
- 10 kādambarī=decorated by garlands of Kadamba flowers.
- 11 sudhā-mattah=intoxicated by honey nectar.
- 12 *gopa-gopī-gaṇāvṛtaḥ*=surrounded by a multitude of cowherd boys and milkmaids.

gopī-maṇḍala-madhya-stho rāsa-tāṇḍava-paṇḍitaḥ ramaṇī-ramaṇaḥ kāmī mada-ghūrṇita-locanaḥ (5) 13 gopī-maṇḍala-madhya-sthaḥ=Śrī Nityānanda stands amidst the circle of milkmaids.

14 rāsa-tāṇḍava-paṇḍitaḥ=is skilled in rāsa dancing.

15 ramaṇī-ramaṇaḥ=He is the lover of the beautiful young girls of Vraja.

16 kāmī=amorous.

17 mada-ghūrṇita-locanaḥ=His eyes roll in intoxication.

rāmotsava-pariśrānto gharma-nīrāvṛtānanaḥ kālindī-bhedanotsāhī nīra-krīḍā-kutuhalaḥ (6)

18 rāmotsava-pariśrāntaḥ=exhausted due to the festival of pleasure.

19 gharma-nīra-āvṛta-ananaḥ=face covered by perspiration.

20 kālindī-bhedana-utsāhī=the mighty Lord who divided the Yamunā River into many streams with His ploughshare.

21 nīra-krīḍā-kutuhalaḥ=eager to engage in watersports.

gaurāśrayaḥ śamaḥ śānto māyā-mānuṣa-rūpa-dhṛk nityānandāvadhūtaś ca yajña-sūtra-dharaḥ sudhī (7)

22 gaura-āśrayaḥ=Śrī Nityānanda takes shelter of Gaura, 23 samaḥ=equipoised. 24 śāntaḥ=peaceful.

māyā-mānuṣa-rūpa-dhṛk=Śrī Nityānanda accepts the apparent form of a man. 25 nityānanda-avadhūtaḥ=The ever blissful Lord is transcendental to social convention.

26 *yajñasūtra-dharaḥ*=Śrī Nityānanda wears a sacred thread for performing sacrificial performances.

27 sudhī=of auspicious intelligence.

patita-prāṇa-daḥ pṛthvī-pāvano bhakta-vatsalaḥ premānanda-madonmatta-brahmādī-nāma-gocaraḥ (8)

28 $patita-pr\bar{a}na-dah = \hat{S}r\bar{i}$ Nityānanda the bestower of life-energy to those fallen (in the world of death.)

29 pṛthvī-pāvanaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda purifies the earth (by His auspicious feet.)

30 bhakta-vatsalah = Śrī Nityānanda affectionate to His devotees,

31 *prema-ānanda-mada-unmatta* = mad with the intoxication of blissful love for Gaura.

32 $brahm\bar{a}$ - $\bar{a}d\bar{i}$ - $n\bar{a}ma$ - $gocara\dot{h}$ = His names are known by Brahm \bar{a} (Harid \bar{a} sa) and others.

vanamālā-dharo hārī rocanādi-vibhūsitaḥ nāgendra-śuṇḍa-dor-daṇḍa-svarṇa-kaṅkaṇa-maṇditaḥ (9)

33 vanamālā-dharaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda wears a garland of forest flowers.

34 $h\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}$ = and a necklace of pearls.

35 rocana-ādi-vibhūsitaḥ=Śrī Nityānanda ornamented by red-lotuses and so forth.

36 nāgendra-śuṇḍa-doḥ-daṇḍa-svarṇa-kaṅkaṇa-maṇditaḥ =His arms which resemble the trunks of elephants are decorated by golden bangles.

gaura-bhakti-rasollāsaś calac-cañcala-nūpuraḥ gajendra-gati-lāvanya-sammohita-jagaj-janaḥ (10)

37 gaura-bhakti-rasa-ullāsah = Śrī Nityānanda delights in the mellows of devotional service to Lord Caitanya

38 *calat-cañcala-nūpuraḥ*=His anklets ring as His body sways to and fro, 39 *gajendra-gati* = Śrī Nityānanda walks like the elephant-king. 40 *lāvaṇya-sammohita-jagat-janaḥ* = the people of the world are fascinated by His beauty.

ho! ho! dhvani-sudhāsiścan mukha-candra-virājitā samvīta-śubha-līlā-dhrk romāñcita-kalevarah (11)

41 ho! ho! dhvani-sudhā-āśiḥ = Śrī Nityānanda awards nectarean benediction as He cries out, "Ho! Ho!." 42 mukha-candra-virājitā = His face shines like the full moon. 43 samvīta-śubha-līlā-dhṛk = Śrī Nityānanda accepts auspicious pleasure-pastimes which hide His identity as the Supreme Lord.

44 roma-añcita-kalevara \dot{h} = All the hairs of His body stand on end.

sindhūrārūṇa-susnigdha-subimbādhara-pallavaḥ sva-bhakta-gaṇa-madhya-stho revatī-prāṇa-nāyakaḥ (12)

45 sindhūra-arūṇa-susnigdha-subimbādhara-pallavaḥ = His tender blossoming lips are red like bimba fruit or vermilion.

46 *sva-bhakta-gaṇa-madhya-sthaḥ*= Śrī Nityānanda resides within the midst of the multitude of His own devotees.

47 *revatī-prāṇa-nāyakaḥ* = Śrī Nityānanda, who is none other than Lord Balarāma, is the Lord of Revatī-rāṇī's life.

lauha-danda-dharo śrngī veņu-pāṇih pratāpavān pracaṇda-kṛta-hunkārah mattah pāṣaṇḍa-mārdanaḥ (13)

- 48 lauha-daṇḍa-dharaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda wields an iron staff, 49 śṛṅgī = and wears wonderful ornaments.
- 51 venu-pāṇiḥ = Śrī Nityānanda plays on the bamboo flute.
- 50 *pratāpavān* =His body is the abode of spendour.
- 51 pracanda-kṛta-hunkāraḥ = Śrī Nityānanda roars fiercely.
- 52 *mattaḥ* =In his ecstacy of love for Lord Gaura Śrī Nityānanda displays the signs of divine <u>madness</u>.
- 53 pāṣaṇḍa-mārdanaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the subduer of atheist persons.

sarva-bhakti-mayo deva āśramācāra-vanditaḥ guṇātīto guṇa-mayo guṇavān nartana-priyaḥ (14)

54 sarva-bhakti-mayah =Śrī Nityānanda is embued with all devotional attributes.

55 devaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the lord of luster.

56 āśrama-ācāra-vanditaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is to be worshipped through the practice of prescribed duties in accordance with one's āśrama. (brahmacarya,

gṛhastha, vanaprastha and sannyāsa.)

- 57 guṇa-atītaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is transcendental to the mundane qualities.
- 58 guṇa-mayaḥ = and filled with sublime qualities.
- 59 guṇavān =Śrī Nityānanda is the embodiment of exalted qualities.
- 60 nartana-priyaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda loves to dance.

tri-guṇātmā guṇa-grāhī saguṇo guṇinām varaḥ yogī yoga-vidhātā ca bhakti-yoga-pradarśakaḥ (15)

61 tri-guṇātmā = Śrī Nityānanda is the original source of the three material qualities - goodness, passion and ignorance.

62 guṇa-grāhī = Śrī Nityānanda accepts only good qualities (He disregards bad qualities).

63 suguņah =Śrī Nityānanda has transcendental qualities.

64 guṇinām varaḥ =Śrī Nityānanda is the best among qualified persons.

65 yogī = Śrī Nityānanda is in union with Śrī Kṛṣṇa Chaitanya, 66 yoga-vidhātā =Śrī Nityānanda bestows yoga union with Śrī Chaitanya.

67 bhakti-yoga-pradarśakaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda proclaims the glories of union with Śrī Kṛṣṇa Chaitanya.

sarva-śakti-prakāśāngī mahānanda-mayo naṭaḥ sarvāgama-mayo dhīro jñāna-do mukti-dah prabhuh (16)

68 sarva-śakti-prakāśa-angī = from Śrī Nityānanda's body all powers arise. 69 mahānanda-mayaḥ =Śrī Nityānanda is filled with immense bliss, 70 naṭaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is a best of dancers,

71 sarva-āgama-mayaḥ= in Śrī Nityānanda is 's person all the śāstras (holy scriptures) reside, 72 dhīrah=Śrī Nityānanda is sober,

73 jñāna-daḥ=Śrī Nityānanda is the bestower of transcendental knowledge, 74 mukti-daḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the giver of liberation, 75 prabhuh =Śrī Nityānanda is the Master.

gauda-deśa-paritrātā premānanda-prakāśakah premānanda-rasānandī rādhikā-mantra-do vibhuḥ (17)

76 gauḍa-deśa-paritrātā = Śrī Nityānanda is the saviour of the land of Gauḍa, 77 prema-ānanda-prakāśakaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda reveals the bliss of Kṛṣṇa-prema. 78 premānanda-rasa-ānandī = Śrī Nityānanda tastes delight in the mellows of blissful love for Kṛṣṇa.

79 rādhikā-mantra-daḥ = Śrī Nityānanda endows the Rādhikā mantra. 80 vibhuḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is self controlled and all-pervasive.

sarva-mantra-svarūpaś ca kṛsna-paryanka-sundaraḥ rasa-jño rasa-dātā ca rasa-bhoktā rasāśrayaḥ (18)

81 sarva-mantra-svarūpaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the original form of all mantras. 82 kṛṣna-paryaṅka-sundaraḥ = and Śrī Nityānanda becomes the beautiful bedstead of Kṛṣna. 83 rasa-jnah = Śrī Nityānanda is adept in the science of rasa.

84 rasa-dātā = Śrī Nityānanda is bestower of rasa.

85 rasa-bhoktā = Śrī Nityānanda is the enjoyer of rasa.

86 rasa-āśrayaḥ =Śrī Nityānanda is the abode of rasa.

brahmeśādī-mahendrādya-vandita-śrī-padāmbujaḥ sahasra-mastakopeto rasātala-sudhākaraḥ (19)

87 $brahm\bar{a}$ -īśa-ādī-mahendra- ādya-vandita-śrī-padāmbujaḥ = His lotus feet are offered worship by the devas headed by Brahmā and Indra.

88 sahasra-mastaka-upetah = Śrī Nityānanda has thousands of heads.

89 *rasātala-sudhākaraḥ* =(by the touch of his lotus feet) Śrī Nityānanda makes the earth taste nectar.

kṣīrodārṇava-sambhūtaḥ kuṇdalaikāvatamsakaḥ raktotpala-dharah śubhro nārāyana-parāyanah (20)

90 kṣīra-udārṇava-sambhūtaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is born of the milk ocean.

91 kundala-eka-avatamsakah = Śrī Nityānanda is ornamented by one earring.

92 rakta-utpala-dharah =Śrī Nityānanda wears red lotuses.

93 śubhraḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is radiant.

94 nārāyaṇa-parāyaṇaḥ =Śrī Nityānanda is wholly dedicated to Gaura Nārāyaṇa.

apāra-mahimānanto nṛ-doṣa-darśinaḥ sadā dayālu durgati-trātā kṛtānto duṣṭa-dehinām (21)

95 apāra-mahimā = Śrī Nityānanda possesses unbounded glories.

96 anantah = Śrī Nityānanda is limitless.

97 nr-doṣa-darśinaḥ sadā = Śrī Nityānanda eternally witnesses the vices of mankind.

98 dayālu = Śrī Nityānanda is merciful.

99 durgati-trātā = Śrī Nityānanda is the saviour from catastrophe.

100 kṛtāntaḥ duṣṭa-dehinām = Śrī Nityānanda awards death to embodied beings who do evil deeds.

mañju-dāśarathir vīro lakṣmaṇaḥ sarvaval-labhaḥ sadojjvalo rasānandī vṛndāvana-rasa-pradaḥ (22)

101 mañju-dāsarathiḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the charming descendant of Rāma.

102 vīraḥ =Śrī Nityānanda is the greatest hero.

103 lakşmanah =Śrī Nityānanda is the avatāra of Lakşmana.

104 sarvavat-labhaḥ = by gaining whom one gains everything, 105 sadā ujjvalaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is always effulgent.

106 rasānandī = Śrī Nityānanda is engladdened by the transcendental relationships of Krsna consciousness.

107 vrndāvana-rasa-pradaḥ = bestower of the Vrndavana rasa.

pūrņa-prema-sudhā-sindhur nāţya-līlā-viśāradah

kotīndu-vaibhavah śrīmān jagad-āhlāda-kārakah (23)

108 pūrņa-prema-sudhā-sindhuḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the ocean of the full nectar of love for Krsna.

109 natya-līlā-viśāradaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is expert in the pastimes of drama.

110 koṭi-indu-vaibhavaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda has the cooling power of millions of moons.

111 śrīmān = Śrī Nityānanda is illustrious.

113 jagad-āhlāda-kārakah =Śrī Nityānanda engladdens the whole cosmos,

gopālaḥ sarva-pālaś ca sarva-gopāvatamsakaḥ māghe māsi site pakse trayodaśyām tithau sadā (24)

114 gopālaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the protector of the cows.

115 sarva-pālaḥ = Śrī Nityānanda is the protector of all.

116 sarva-gopa-avatamsakah = Śrī Nityānanda is the crest-jewel of all cowherd boys,

māghe māsi site pakse trayodaśyām tithau sadā (24)

upoṣaṇam pūjanam ca śrī-nityānanda-vāsare yad yat kurute kāmam tat tad eva labhen naraḥ (25)

In the month of Māgha, in the bright fortnight, on the thirteenth day of the moon one who regularly fasts and offers worship on the appearance of Śrī Nityānanda, whatever wish one may make, will be fulfilled.

asādhya-roga-yukto 'pi mucyate gada-bhīṣaṇāt aputraḥ sādhu-putraṁ ca labhate nātra saṁśayaḥ (26)

Although infected by an incurable disease, a man becomes freed from that terrible disease and a sonless man without a doubt receives a godly son.

nityānanda-svarūpasya nāmnām astottaram satam yaḥ paṭhet prātar utthāya saḥ premni labhed dhruvam (27)

One who rises early in the morning and recites the Hundred and Eight Names of Śrī Nityānanda Svarūpa truly achieves love of Kṛṣṇa.

iti śrī-sārvabhauma-bhaṭtācārya-pāda-viracitam śrī-nityānandāṣṭottara-śata-nāma-stotram sampūrṇam

Thus the one hundred and eight names of Śrī Nityānanda, which was compiled by Śrī Sārvabhauma Bhaṭṭācārya-pāda is fully complete.